

Warcaste TCG Comprehensive Rules

This comprehensive rules document is the ultimate authority for the Warcaste TCG competitive gameplay.

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1:Game Concepts

1a- Players

- Player
 - A player is one of the people playing the game of Warcaste.
 - The active player is the player whose turn it currently is.
 - An Opponent is the player a player is playing against.
- Skirmish
 - A “Skirmish” or two-player game of Warcaste is between two players.
 - In Skirmish games, each player has a 30-card deck
 - Are limited to a max of 2 copies of each variation of a card with the boost ability and 3 copies of a card without the boost ability.
 - Players start the game with 3 basic territories.
- Open Conquest
 - An “Open Conquest” game of Warcaste is a game of 3 or more players. (See 8d)
 - In Open Conquest, each player has a 50 card deck
 - Players start the game with a number of basic territories equal to the number of players.
- Decks
 - Players are required to have their own deck of authentic Warcaste cards and a way to track damage and command points throughout the game, usually dice.
 - In Constructed play players bring their own deck they built themselves before the event.
 - In draft play, players build a deck at the event from official Warcaste booster packs. (See 8b)
- Constructed Play Sideboard
 - In constructed tournaments, players are allowed to bring a sideboard. A sideboard consists of up to 6 cards.
 - The cards must be compatible with the player’s doctrine
 - When combined with the deck, there cannot be more than 2 copies of each variation of a card with the boost mechanic or 3 copies of a card without the boost mechanic.
 - Sideboards cannot contain doctrine cards.

1b- Basic Game Play Rules

- Card Text
 - When the card text contradicts rules text, the card text overrules rules text for that specific game event.
 - When a card allows something to happen, and another card states that it cannot happen, the cannot effect overruled the can.
 - Any part of a card effect that is impossible to perform is ignored.
 - *For example, if a unit has “**Death:** Deal 2 damage to any target within the same zone as this unit.” and after it dies, there are no other targets within that zone, you would ignore this effect.*

1c- Starting the Game

- Selecting the first player
 - Players randomly decide who the first player will be. This can be done by rolling dice and the player with the highest roll goes first, or other similar methods.
- Sideboarding
 - In competitive play, players will reveal their doctrine after determining who will play first.
 - Once doctrines are revealed, players are given 5 minutes to sideboard. During this time they are allowed to switch cards from their deck with cards from their sideboard. Their deck must have 30 cards when sideboarding is done.
- Players then Shuffle their Deck
- Drawing the opening hand
 - For a Skirmish game, players will draw an opening hand equal to the hand size of their doctrine (dictated in the upper left corner of the card) plus 3 additional cards.
 - A player can choose to “Mulligan” by shuffling all cards from their hand back into their deck, and drawing a new hand equal to their original hand size.
 - Players will then choose from their hand 3 cards to place face down as their basic territories in their territory slots. (See 4e)
 - For an Open Conquest Game, players will draw an opening hand equal to the hand size of their doctrine plus a number of cards equal to the number of players.
 - Players will then choose from their hand a number of cards equal to the number of players to place face down as their basic territories in their territory slots. (See 4e)
- The first player will then take their first turn.

1d- Ending the Game

- The game ends when a player’s last territory is destroyed (either by card effect or by taking or having damage placed on it.)
 - Any effects that are still resolving are ignored and the game ends.
- A player can concede at any time. This will end the game immediately and the player who conceded will lose.
- Competitive Skirmish
 - Players will play a single game to determine a winner for a competitive match.
 - Players are given 1 hour to sideboard and complete a game.
 - If players are unable to complete a game in 1 hour, the game goes to sudden death.
- Sudden Death
 - Players each get 3 turns (starting turn 1 with the current player's turn.) to deal damage or place damage counters on the opponent’s territories.
 - After the last player’s 3rd turn, the player who placed/dealt the most damage counters on their opponent’s territories during the sudden death turns wins the match. If both players score the same number of damage counters, it’s a draw.
 - If a player has their last territory destroyed during sudden death, they lose the game.

1e- CMD points

- CMD points (command points) are the main resource in Warcaste.
 - A player starts the game with 5 CMD points.
 - A player's CMD points will reset to 5 at the start of their turn.
 - If a player has more than 5 CMD points at the start of their turn, their CMD points still reset to 5.
- A card's Cost is located in the upper left corner, and is paid in CMD points.
 - To pay the card's cost, a player will lose a number of CMD points equal to the card's cost as they play the card.
 - Sometimes a card's Global effect will give an option to lessen the number of CMD points you pay for the card.
 - In this case, complete the cards play effect, then pay the CMD points.
 - *(For example: Oath of the War Born reads- "Global: Destroy any number of War Born units you control. This card costs 1 less for each unit destroyed this way." You would Destroy the War Born units, causing the card to cost less for each unit destroyed. The player may choose what order to complete the rest of the card and any of the death effects of the units destroyed.)*
 - If a card costs more CMD points than a player has, but it has an option for the player to lessen the number of CMD points spent on it, and the player can perform the action required to lessen the cost to the point they can afford to play the card, the player may play the card and perform the actions required to lessen the cost as a single game event.
- Adding CMD points
 - Some cards can add to a player's CMD points. They will keep these CMD points until spent or until their next turn unless otherwise stated by the card.
 - If a card adds to a player's CMD points until a certain phase in the game, when spending CMD points, the player must state which of the CMD points they are using.
 - *(For example: If a card gives 3 CMD points until the end of their main phase, and a player has 2 CMD points currently, if they go to play a 4 cost card, they must state which of the CMD points they are using from the 3 CMD points that disappear at the end of their main phase and 2 CMD points that act normally.)*
 - If a card adds CMD points that must be spent on a certain type of card, when a player spends CMD points, they must state what CMD points they are using.

1f- Cards

- Warcaste TCG cards are official cards produced for the Warcaste TCG.
- Card Owner
 - The owner of a card is the player whose deck the card started the game in, or for doctrine type cards, who put the doctrine in play.
- Card Controller
 - The controller of a card is the player who played the card unless a card effect causes another player to gain control of that card.

1g- Drawing Cards

- How to draw a card
 - Players draw cards by placing the top card of their deck into their hand without revealing the card to their opponents.
- When cards are drawn
 - Players draw a card at the start of their turn. They draw an additional card if they control the open zone. (See 5a)
 - Players can also draw one or more cards because of card abilities or effects.
- Drawing multiple cards
 - When a player is instructed to draw multiple cards (*For example: At the beginning of their turn and they control the open zone*) players draw each card one at a time, but treat this action as a single game event (See 1k for game events).
 - When drawing at the end of the turn for each card a player has boosted with, players draw each card as a single game event. (See 5g for boosting)

1h- Damage Counters

- Damage Counters are tokens that track the amount of damage a card has on it.

1i- Dealing Damage

- When to deal damage
 - Damage is dealt during attacks or when a card reads “deal damage”.
- How to deal damage
 - Blocking Damage with DEF
 - When dealing damage to a unit or territory, the defending card subtracts its current DEF from the damage being dealt.
 - Lowering the Defending card's DEF
 - The defending card gets -1 to its DEF until the next turn for each damage blocked this way. DEF resets at the beginning of the next turn. (See 5a.)
 - Assigning damage counters
 - The remaining damage is dealt to the defending cards HP as damage counters. Place a number of damage counters equal to the amount of damage being dealt.
 - After a card has damage counters placed on it, check the number of damage counters on it versus its HP stat. If it has damage counters equal to or greater than its HP stat, it is destroyed and sent to the discard.

1j- Placing Damage Counters

- When to place damage counters
 - Damage counters are placed when a card reads “place damage counters”.
- How to place damage counters
 - When placing damage counters, the target's DEF is ignored, and the damage counters are placed directly on the target card.

- The target's DEF remains where it was before the damage counters were placed.
- Placing damage counters will not trigger any effects that trigger on dealing damage or that trigger when damage is dealt.
- After a card has damage counters placed on it, check the number of damage counters on it versus its HP stat. If it has damage counters equal to or greater than its HP stat, it is destroyed and sent to the discard.

1k- Damaged Cards

- A damaged card is a card with at least 1 damage counter on it.

1l- Game Events

- What are Game Events
 - Game play is broken down into Game Events. Everytime there is a change in game state a new Game Event occurs.
 - Game Events can include
 - Playing a card
 - Moving a unit
 - Attacking with a unit
 - Targeting a card
 - Intercepting a unit
 - Engaging a card
 - Drawing one or more cards
 - Discarding one or more cards
 - Passive or global abilities
 - Death abilities
 - Play abilities
 - A card taking damage
 - A card Dealing damage

2: Parts of a Card

2a- Name

- The name of a card is printed at the top middle of the card.
- Effects that refer to a card by name can mean any card of that name, no matter what boost that card has.

2b- CMD Cost

- The CMD Cost (Command Cost) is printed in the top left corner of the card.
- The CMD Cost represents what a player must pay in CMD points (Command points) to play the card.
- The cost of a card is equal to the CMD Cost.

2c- Hand

- The Hand is printed on the top left corner of the card
- The Hand is only on Doctrine Cards
- The Hand determines your starting hand size. (After doctrines are placed.)

2d- Art

- Art is printed in the top half of the card.
- Art has no effect on game play.

2e- Card Type Line

- The Card Type Line is printed sideways on the top left side of the card.
- Cards can have a Type and a Subtype.
 - The subtype is listed after type, separated with a colon. (:)
 - If more than one subtype is listed after the type, the subtypes are separated with a slash. (/)
 - When a card refers to a subtype, it will read: a “*card subtype*” type “*card type*”. (For example- target a burn striker (*subtype*) type unit (*type*).
- The Card Type determines what type of card the card is.
- There are five types of cards.
 - Doctrine
 - Doctrine will have a faction listed as a subtype. (For example- Doctrine: Karnage)
 - Unit
 - Units will have a subtype listed. (For example- Unit: Burn Striker)
 - Some units will have the subtype Warstar.
 - A player can only have one Warstar that they own in play at a time.
 - If a player has a Warstar type unit enter play while they control another Warstar type unit, destroy the new Warstar type unit.
 - If a player gains control of a Warstar type unit while they control another Warstar type unit, destroy the new Warstar type unit.
 - (*Placing a Warstar type unit under a card you control does not count as gaining control of that Warstar type unit.*)
 - Tactic
 - Tactics never have a subtype
 - Trap
 - Traps never have a subtype
 - Territory
 - Territories will have a subtype listed. (For example- Territory: Outpost)
 - Some territories will have the subtype Home World.
 - A player can only have one Home World type territory that they own in play at a time.

- If a player has a Home World type territory enter play while they control another Home World type territory, destroy the new Home World type territory.
- A player cannot play a Home World type territory while they control a Home World type territory.

2f- Boost

- Boost is found in the top right corner of some cards.
- Boost types
 - Bold
 - Gives a unit +X to its ATK Stat (See 2j) during an attack action.
 - Cunning
 - Gives a unit +X to its DEF Stat (See 2k) during an attack action.
 - Stalwart
 - Removes X damage counters (See 1h) from a unit after damage is dealt during an attack action, but before checking to see if the unit would be destroyed by having the same or more damage counters than its HP.

2g- Attributes

- Attributes are found at the bottom right corner of the card, next to the Faction Symbol.
- There are five attribute types
 - Bombardment
 - Hospitable
 - Intelligence
 - Swarming
 - Targeting
- A Compatible card shares at least one or more attribute symbols with the card referencing “compatible card”.

2h- Faction Symbol

- The Faction Symbol is found to the right of the Attribute Symbols, at the bottom right of the card.
- There are four faction symbols
 - Corinth
 - Karnage
 - Psiker
 - Ramus
- A Friendly Faction card shares a Faction Symbol with the card referencing “Friendly Faction card”.

2i- Abilities

- Abilities are characteristics that cards can have that change the game state.

- There are Five types of Abilities. Abilities types will be shown in bold. On units and tactics the ability type will be shown in parentheses after a bolded ability name. (ie: **Trade Goods (Engage):**)
 - Play
 - This ability triggers when a card is played. (When it enters the battlefield if it's a unit or territory, or when its cost is paid for if it's a trap or tactic.)
 - Passive
 - This ability is always active when the card is in play. (On the battlefield)
 - Global
 - This ability is always active, no matter where the card is.
 - Death
 - This ability triggers when the card is sent to the discard.
 - Engage
 - This ability triggers when the card takes the engage action. (See 6a)
- Abilities can be given to cards. (ie: Psionic Mastery grants “Psionic units you control gain until end of turn **Engage:** Place 1 damage counter on target unit...”)
- An ability taking effect is a Game Event.
 - Each player will get a chance to play 1 trap card in response to the ability. (See 6c)
- A player can choose what order a copied ability and the ability its copying occur.
- If multiple abilities are triggered by the same game event, the player whose turn it is chooses how their abilities resolve, and then performs their abilities. The next player then decides how their abilities will resolve.
 - If new abilities are triggered while a player is resolving multiple abilities from a previous game event, players may choose what order abilities they control occur.
 - If a card reads “When you do,” the rest of the phrase becomes its own ability and resolves with any other abilities that triggered with the state before. (ie: Pack Tactics: Draw a card. When you do, you may reveal that card as you draw it...” any abilities that trigger off drawing a card can be used before revealing the card.)

2j- ATK

- ATK is found at the left side of the text box.
 - ATK is how much damage a unit or territory can deal when taking the attack action or when being attacked.

2k- DEF

- DEF is found at the left side of the text box.
 - DEF is an amount of damage subtracted from the opposing card/cards damage before damage is dealt. DEF is dropped by 1 for every damage blocked this way until it resets at the beginning of the next turn.

2l- HP

- HP is found at the left side of the text box.
 - HP is how much damage a unit or territory can take without being destroyed..

2m- Rarity

- Rarity is found at the bottom right of the art box.
- A card's rarity determines how hard a card is to find in a booster.
 - A White star is common
 - A Silver star is uncommon
 - A Gold star is Rare
 - A Red Star is Mythic
 - A Purple Star is Alt-Art.

2n- Set Number

- The set number is found at the bottom of the card.

2o- Copyright

- The Copyright is found at the bottom of each card.
- It is the year when the art was made.

3: Card Types

3a- Doctrine

- Doctrine are a special card type that start the game in play, in your home zone, outside of the deck. They do not count towards your 30 card count when deck building. A deck is limited to 1 doctrine.
- Doctrine will give you a Starting Hand Size in the upper left corner.
- Doctrine will have 1 or more abilities in their text box. A doctrine can use engage abilities the first turn onward (because they start the game in play.)
- A doctrine will have attributes and a faction symbol. All cards in your deck must share at least 1 attribute with your doctrine.
 - If a doctrine refers to a compatible card, it means any card that has at least 1 shared attribute.
 - If a doctrine refers to a friendly faction card, it means any card with the same faction symbol.

3b- Unit

- Units can be played during your main phase by paying cmd points equal to their cost. (See 2b).
 - When a unit is played, it is placed in your home zone under your control. (Unless a card ability says otherwise.)
- Units can take 4 actions during a turn cycle (you and your opponent's turn.)

- Move
 - A unit can move from one zone to an adjacent zone.
 - A unit moves during your Battle Phase.
 - A unit cannot move the turn they enter play.
- Attack
 - A unit can attack, alone or in a squad with other units. (See 5d)
 - A unit attacks during your Battle Phase.
 - A unit attacks the turn they enter play.
- Intercept
 - During your opponent's turn, when they attack, a single unit that has not taken the intercept action this turn cycle can intercept one of the attacking units, switching the attack of the unit to the intercepting unit.
 - A unit intercepts during your opponent's Battle Phase.
- Engaging
 - A unit can also take the Engage Action if they have an Engage ability. This can only be done during the main phase. When engaging, they perform the ability listed with the Engage. (ie: Burn Striker can **Engage**: place 2 damage on target territory within the same zone.)
 - A unit can only Engage during your Main Phase.
 - A unit cannot Engage the turn they enter play.
 - An Engaged unit cannot take any other actions
 - A unit can be made to Engage by other cards. When a unit is Engaged by another card, their Engage ability is not activated.
 - If a unit takes an action during the main phase, they can still Engage.

3c- Territory

- Territories can be Territory cards or face down cards in the Territory slots in your home zone. (See 4d)
- Territories can be played during your main phase by paying cmd points equal to their cost. (See 2b).
 - When a Territory is played, it replaces a Territory already in play.
 - Any damage counters on the Territory it's replacing are carried over to the new Territory.
 - When replacing a face down basic Territory, the basic Territory is sent to your hand. The basic Territory is kept a secret.
 - When replacing a face up Territory, the face up Territory is sent to the discard.
- Engaging Territory
 - A Territory can take the Engage Action if they have an Engage ability. This can only be done during the main phase. When engaging, they perform the ability listed with the Engage.
 - Territories cannot Engage the turn they enter play.

3d- Tactic

- Tactics are played only during your main phase from your hand by paying its cost in cmd points.
- Tactics have a play ability. When played this ability takes effect. Then the tactic is sent to the discard.
- Some Tactics have a global ability. This ability is always active, including when the tactic is being paid for. (ie. Oath of the War Born reads- **Global:** As you play this card, destroy any number of War Born type units. This Card costs 1 less for each uni destroyed this way.)

3e- Trap

- Traps have the Trap Ability. The Trap Ability will list a game event that must happen before the Trap is played.
 - A Trap card can be played on any turn at any time as long as the game event requirement is met.
- A player can only play 1 Trap per game event.
- A Trap is played from hand by paying its cost in cmd points.
- When played, the Trap ability takes effect, then the Trap card is sent to the discard.
- If both players play a Trap card on the same game event, the player whose turn it currently is has their Trap card take effect first.

4: Zones

4a- General

- Zones are places where cards can be in during game play.
- Public Information Zones are zones where players can see the faces of cards in the zone while playing.
 - Public Information Zones include
 - The Discard
 - The Battlefield
- Private Information Zones are zones where one or more players are unable to see the face of the cards in the zone while playing.
 - Private Information Zones include
 - The Hand
 - The opponent cannot see the cards in your hand.
 - The Deck
 - All players are unable to see the cards in the Deck, (unless a player is searching due to a card ability.)

4b- Deck

- All cards except the doctrine card start the game in their owners Deck Zone, face down.
- Once the deck is randomized for the start of the game (See 1c) the deck order cannot be changed unless a card ability shuffles the deck.
- A player may count how many cards are left in any deck at any time.

4c- Hand

- When cards are drawn they go to the player's Hand.
- Players may not look at an opponent's Hand.
- Players may rearrange their Hand at will.
- Players may count the cards in any Hand at any time.

4d- Discard

- The discard is where Territories and Units go when destroyed, and Tactics and Traps go when they finish resolving.
- The discard starts out empty.
- Players may look at any discard at any time.
- Players may rearrange a discard when looking at a discard.

4e- Battlefield

- The Battlefield is separated into 3 zones.
 - Your Home Zone
 - This is where you play units too.
 - The Home Zone has 3 (or more - see conquest game mode) Territory Slots.
 - Territories are placed in these Slots.
 - The Open Zone
 - This zone is between the two home zones.
 - If a player has the only units in the open zone at the start of their turn, they draw an additional card. (this counts as two separate cards drawn for their Start Phase.)
 - The Opponent's Home Zone
 - This is where your opponent plays units.
 - Opponent's Territories are placed in their Territory Slots in their Home Zone

5: Turn Structure

5a- General

- Turns have 4 Phases. The Start Phase, Main Phase, Battle Phase, and End Phase.
- Phases end when both players pass priority.

5b- Start Phase

- The Start Phase is broken down into 5 Steps.
 - Draw a card- The active player draws a card for their turn. If they control the only units in the open zone, they draw an additional card.
 - Cmd point reset- The active player's cmd points reset to 5. (If they have more than 5 cmd points, their cmd points still reset to 5)

- Cmd points stay in a player's cmd pool until this step or until spent.
 - DEF Reset- All units, (The active player and their opponents) have their DEF reset to their DEF Stat.
 - If a card has its DEF Stat increased, it will reset to the increased number.
 - Start of turn Effects- Any start of turn effects happen at this step.
 - All cards that are engaged are returned to their non-engaged position. (See 6a)

5c- Main Phase

- There are no steps in the Main Phase.
- The active player may play units, territories and tactics during this phase.
- The active player may Engage territories and units that have not entered this turn during this phase.
- The active player may Engage their doctrine.
- Any player may play traps if the right game event takes place. (See 3e)

5d- Battle Phase

- During the battle phase, units the active player controls can take the move action and the attack action in any order and do not have to take those actions together. (ie a unit could move, then another unit could move, then both units could attack.)
 - i- Moving
 - A unit can move from the zone they're in to an adjacent zone.
 - A unit can move past an opponent's units.
 - A unit can move forward towards the opponent's home zone or back towards the player's home zone.
 - ii- Attacking
 - Attacking is broken down into 4 steps
 - Declare attackers
 - Units can attack alone or in groups called squads.
 - Units can attack other units, or territories in the same zone as them.
 - A squad is made of one or more units.
 - A squad can have any number of units.
 - All units in a squad must be in the same zone.
 - When attacking in a squad, all units add their ATK together, then deal the result to the defending card.
 - The defending card selects 1 unit to deal damage back too before the Declare Boosts step.
 - Declare Interceptors
 - Once a target has been declared for an attack, the opponent may have up to 1 unit intercept 1 of the attacking units.
 - A unit does not target when intercepting a unit.
 - Intercepting a unit switches the target of the attack of that unit to the intercepting unit.

- The attack on the intercepting unit is treated as a separate attack and is resolved first.
 - Players may boost for both the intercepting attack and the original attack.
- Declare Boosts
 - After the defending unit has declared a target to deal damage back to, both players, starting with the attacking player, may boost a single card involved in the attack.
 - To boost, players reveal a card from their hand with a boost (Shown in the upper right hand corner (see 2f)).
 - Players may boost units, or territories.
 - The player selects a target from among cards they control involved in the attack for their boost when the card is revealed.
 - When boosting ATK, the card gains the shown number to their ATK until the end of that combat.
 - When Boosting DEF the card gains the shown number to their DEF until the end of that combat.
 - When Boosting HP, the card has a number of damage counters removed equal to the shown number after damage is dealt, but before checking to see if the card would be sent to the discard.
 - At the end of the attack, the card is placed off to the side until the End Phase. (see 5f)
- Resolve Damage
 - Damage
 - After boosting, the attacking unit/units add their damage together.
 - The Defending card blocks an amount of damage equal to up to its DEF.
 - The remaining number is dealt as damage to the defending card.
 - Damage is kept track with damage counters. (any small item can work such as dice or small coins.)
 - The defending card deals its damage minus its target's DEF as damage to its target.
 - DEF
 - When a card's DEF is used to block damage, that card loses DEF equal to the amount block (up to 0 DEF) until it refreshes at the beginning of the turn. (See 5b)
- iii- Intercepting
 - On a player's opponent's turn, a unit they control may intercept an attacking unit.
 - The unit must be in the same zone as the attack.
 - Only one unit may intercept per attack.
 - A unit may intercept for a unit or a territory.
 - A unit may only intercept once per turn.
 - Once intercepted, the target of the attacking unit is changed to the intercepting unit.
- iv- Boosting
 - See 5d - Attacking - Declare Boosts

5f- End Phase.

- Any cards used to boost are sent in any order chosen by the controlling player to the bottom of their deck.
- For each card sent there, the player draws 1 card.
- Any end of turn effects now happen.
- The player passes the turn to the next player.

6: Abilities, and Effects

6a- Engaging

- Units, Territories and Doctrines can take the Engage action if they have an Engage Ability.
 - Doctrines can Engage at the start of the game onward.
 - Units and Territories can Engage the turn after they enter play onward.
 - Cards can only Engage during your main phase.
- When taking the Engage action, the card is turned sideways and becomes Engaged.
 - Once Engaged, a card cannot take any actions, including an Engage action, until your next turn.
 - At the beginning of your next turn, you return all Engaged cards to their non-Engaged position.
 - When taking the Engage action, the card performs the action listed under the Engage Ability.

6b- Targeting

- Cards will often target other units or territories. To target a card, the card must match the description of the target. (ie: Target unit... the target must be a unit card.)
- Once targeted, anything in the effect that refers to the target, is referring to that card.
- A card referring to an "opponent's unit" is referring to a unit controlled by an opponent.
 - A card referring to an "enemy unit in the same zone" is referring to a unit controlled by an opponent.
- If a card can target any target, it can target a unit or a territory card.
- If a card refers to a target in the same zone, the target must be in the same zone as the card targeting it.
- If the target of a card's ability switches zones before the target is able to complete its ability, it will complete the ability as best as possible, while keeping the same target.
 - ie: If two Psionic Assaulter's both target the same unit with their deal 1 damage ability, and the first damage destroys the target, the second unit would still try to target the destroyed unit and fail to deal damage.

6c- May vs Hard Effects

- Effects that include the word "may" are optional when triggered. (ie: Burn Striker Leader has **Play**: You *may* search your deck for a card named Burn Striker Grunt... the player may choose whether or not they search their deck.)

- A Hard Effect will not include the word may. It must be completed, if able, when triggered. (ie: War Born Destroyer has **Death**: Deal 2 damage to any target that was within the same zone. As long as there is another target in the same zone, you must deal 2 damage to that target, even if the only target is one of your own cards.)

6d- When you do... Effects

- When an ability states “Do effect X, when you do, effect Y happens, in order for effect Y to happen, X must be completed. (ie: Red Squadron Leader has **Engage**: Discard a card. *When you do*, search your deck for a Tri-wing unit... In order to search your deck, you must discard a card.)
 - If an effect requires you to discard a specific card type for effect X, and another card (ie Ramus the War Born) is causing you to discard at random, if the random card discarded does not match the specific type, then effect Y will not happen.

6e- Priority and Timing

- Multiple Players taking Actions
 - If multiple players have effects or would take actions or make choices (such as playing a trap card) on the same game event, the active player’s (The player whose turn it is) effects, actions and choices would be completed first. Then the effects, actions and choices of the player on their left, continuing in a counter-clockwise order until all events and actions are finished.
 - If a card that causes an event would be destroyed before it has a chance to complete its event, the event still triggers.
 - If a player has multiple events that trigger an event, they complete all events that triggered off the original before passing priority to the next player to have their effects take place.

7: Deck Building

7a- Deck Size

- A deck must have exactly 1 Doctrine.
- A deck must have Exactly 30 cards (not including the Doctrine of sideboard.)
- A deck can have up to 6 cards that are compatible with the Doctrine and follow the rest of the deck building rules as a sideboard.
 - You cannot include more than the allowed number of copies of a card across the side board and the deck.

7b- Compatibility

- All cards in your deck and sideboard must be compatible with your Doctrine. (Must share at least 1 attribute with your Doctrine.) (Faction Symbols are not used in deck building.)

7c- Maximum number of each card

- A deck can have 3 copies of each card without a boost.

- A deck may contain 2 copies of each card with a matching boost.
 - For example, you could run 2 copies of each Burn Striker Grunt with Bold Boost, Cunning Boost, and Stalwar Boost for a total of 6 copies of Burn Striker Grunt.

8: Different types of Play

8a- Skirmish Constructed

- Number of Players
 - 2
- Game Rules
 - Is played with the Base Game Rules.
- Sideboarding
 - Players reveal doctrines at the beginning of the game and are allowed to sideboard before the match.
- Winning the game
 - Players win the game by destroying all of their opponents' Territories.

8b- Skirmish Draft

- Players are given 3 booster packs and sit in a circle of up to 8 players.
 - Each player opens a booster pack and picks 1 card.
 - Players then pass the booster pack to the player on the right, picking a 1 card from the new pack.
 - Once the packs are empty, players open the second pack and repeat, passing to the left.
 - For the final pack, players pass to the right again.
- Players build a 30 card deck out of the cards they opened. Decks can have any number of copies of a card. Cards do not need to follow the compatible rule.
- Players can use any doctrine from the set they drafted. (if a doctrine is unavailable, players can look up a doctrine on their phone using warcaste.com/card-database)

8c- Open Conquest

- Number of Players
 - Play is designed for 3-5 players.
- Game Rules
 - In Open Conquest, each player has a 50 card deck
 - Players draw cards equal to their doctrines hand size plus the total number of players playing.
 - Players place a number of territories equal to the number of players at the start of the game.
 - The first player does not skip their first Start Phase.
- Winning the Game
 - Players win by destroying a territory belonging to each opponent.
 - Once a player destroys a territory belonging to an opponent, they can no longer interact with that opponent's territories in any way.

9: Game Terms

- **Play**
 - An ability that triggers when the card enters play if it's a territory or unit, or when it is played if it's a tactic.
- **Trap**
 - An ability that appears on tactic cards. Defines when the tactic can be played and what effect the tactic has when played.
- **Death**
 - An ability that triggers when the card is destroyed (sent to the discard.)
- **Passive**
 - An ability that is active when the card is on the battlefield.
- **Global**
 - An ability that is always active, no matter what zone the card is in.
- **Engage**
 - An ability that takes effect when the card takes the engage action
- **Friendly Faction**
 - A card that shares a Faction icon.
- **Compatible**
 - A card that shares at least one Attribute icon.
- **Card**
 - Any game piece that is a card.
- **Squad**
 - A group of units that are attacking a single target.
- **Boost**
 - When a unit is revealed to boost the stats of another card.
- **ATK**
 - A card's attack value.
- **DEF**
 - A card's defense value.
- **HP**
 - A card's health value.
- **Place**
 - Taking a card and placing it in another zone.